

SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR



New Syllabus For Master of Arts (M.A.Political Science) Faculty of Social Science (M.A. Part - I)

(Subject to the modifications to be made from time to time)
Syllabus to be implemented from June 2010 Onwards
(PG Teaching Centers in Affiliated Colleges, Shivaji University)

Shivaji University Kolhapur
New Syllabus For
Master of Arts Political Science
(Faculty of Social Science)
(For PG Teaching Centers in Affiliated Colleges, Shivaji University)

1. TITLE : Political Science

Under the faculty of Social Science

2. YEAR OF IMPLEMENTATION : New syllabus will be implemented from June 2010 onward in the PG Teaching Centers in Affiliated Colleges, Shivaji University

3.OBJECTIVES : Political Science is one of the important Subjects in Social Science, which deals with state rights and duties of the citizens and public administration. It is called Master Science. Postgraduate course in Political Science will impart basic principles of the subject. Following are the objectives of the course

1. To enable students to understand the entries scope of subjects of Political Science.
2. To appraise student of recent trends in Political Science.
3. To enable students to understand rights and duties of citizens.
4. To appraise students of changing social & political situation in India & in the world.
5. To develop inter disciplinary and Comprehensive understanding among the student about political reality.

4. DURATION :

- The course shall be a full time course.
- The duration of course shall be of Two years

5. PATTERN :

The pattern of examination will be **Annual**.

6. FEE STRUCTURE :- As applicable to the regular course.

i) Entrance Examination Fee (If applicable) : Not Applicable.

ii) Fee – As per the University rules / norms

Particulars	Rupees
Admission Fee	Rs.
Laboratory Fee	Rs.
Computer Fee	Rs.

Other fee will be applicable as per University rules / norms

8. IMPLEMENTATION OF FEE STRUCTURE :

In case of revision of fee structure, this revision will be implemented in phase wise manner as per the University decision in this regard.

9. ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION :

As per eligibility criteria prescribed by the University for which course and the merit list will be prepared on the basis of graduate level performance along with reservation norms.

10. MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION :

The medium of instruction shall be English (The student will have option to write answerscript in Marathi)

11. STRUCTURE OF COURSE :

Political Science M.A.- I

i) Core Papers (SOC, Group D, PSC)

- 1) 03 – Political Theory
- 2) 04 – Theory and Practice of Public Administration

ii) Elective Papers (SOC, Group D1, PSE)

Students can select any two papers from the following elective papers.

- 1) 10 – Indian constitution and Government
- 2) 11 – Modern Indian Political Thought
- 3) 12 – Development Administration in India.
- 4) 13 – India's Foreign Policy
- 5) 14 – State in Ancient India
- 6) 15 – Political Sociology

iii) Credit by Choice

Student can select any one paper from the following papers.

SE 2 Inclusive Policies for Eliminating Discrimination.

(Inter – disciplinary paper)

WS 2 Gender and International Development.

M.A. – I (Political Science)

Equivalence

Sr.No.	Old Name	New Name
1	Political Theory	Political Theory
2	Major ideas and Issues in Public Administration	Theory and Practice of Public Administration
3	Development Administration in India	Development Administration in India
4	Indian Government and Politics	Indian Construction and Government
5	Modern Indian Political thought	Modern Indian Political thought
6	India's Foreign Policy	India's Foreign Policy
7	Pressure Groups and Social Movements	Syllabus as it is only for Repeater and Improvement Students.
8	Politics and Development Countries	
9	Women and Political Theory	

Compulsory

Syllabus : M.A.I
M. A. Part I (Core Papers)
Political Theory - SOC Group D – PSC - 01

- 1) Nature of Political Theory.**
 - Nature and scope of Political Theory.
 - Relevance of Classical Political Theory.
 - Causes of decline of Political Theory and nature of its revival.
- 2) Authority**
 - Study of Concepts of Power, Authority and Legitimacy
 - Grounds of Political Obligation.
- 3) Liberal Democratic theory of State**
 - Classical-Liberal State
 - Welfare State
 - Theory of overloaded State
- 4) Marxist Theory of State:**
 - Marx and Engels on State
 - Lenin on State
 - Mao-Tse-Tung on State
 - Neo-Marxist Theory of State:
 - i) Instrumentalist theory of state
 - ii) Structuralist theory of state
- 5) Theories of Development and Under Development.**
 - a) Theories of Development
 - b) Theory of Under development and Dependent State
 - c) The World System Theory : Emanuel Wallerstein
- 6) New Theories of Democracy:**
 - a) Joseph Schumpeter's Theory of Elite Competition
 - b) Robert Dahl's Theory of Pluralism
 - c) C.B. Macpherson's Theory of Participatory Democracy
- 7) Political Theory of Feminism and Environmentalism**
 - a) Feminism
 - i) Liberal Feminism
 - ii) Marxist Feminism
 - iii) Socialist Feminism
 - iv) Radical Feminism
 - v) Indian Feminism
 - b) Environmentalism:
 - i) Green Political Theory
 - ii) Ecologism & Environmentalism
- 8) Post-Modernism & Multi Culturalism**
 - a) Post-Modernism
 - b) Multiculturalism
 - c) Communitarianism

REFERENCE

- 1) Estenstein Mathew, Kenny Michael, (ED.) Political Ideologies: A Reader & Guide, OUP, 2005
- 2) R Plant Modern Political Thought, Oxford Blackewll, 1991
- 3) Macpherson C.B. Life & Times of Liberal Democracy, OUP, 1979
- 4) Cresigny, D Minigue (Ed) Contemporary Political Thinkers, Methuen, London, 1975
- 5) Ray B.N.(Ed) Contemporary Political Thinking, Kanishka, Delhi, 2000
- 6) Held David, Models of Democracy, Cambridge, 1987
- 7) Goodin R. E. , Green Political Theory, Cambridge, 1992
- 8) W. Kymlicka, Multicultural Citizenship, Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1995
- 9) Ashirvadam & Misra, Political Theory, S Chand, Delhi 2004.
- 10) Dr. A.H. Doctor, Issues in Political Theory
- 11) Lass let Peter & Runciman W.C.(ed) Philosophy, Politics & Society, (3rd Series) Oxford, Blackwell, 1976
- 12) Mac Iver, Modern State, OUP, 1926
- 13) Verma S.P. Modern Political Theory, Vikas, Delhi, 1913
- 14) Carnoy, State and Political Theory, Princeton, 1984
- 15) Strauss L. What is political Philosophy & other essays, Glencoe, Free Press, 1959.
- 16) A Brecht, Political Theory-Foundations of 20th century Political Theory, Bombay, 1965.
- 17) David Held, Political Theory & Modern State, Polity, 1984.
- 18) Cresingay D. and Minogue (Ed) Contemporary Political Thinkers, Methuan, London, 1975.
- 19) Quinton A (Ed) Political Philosophy, Oxford, 1967.
- 20) Bena and Peters Social Principles & Democratic State, George Alien & Unwin, 1959
- 21) Freidrich C. H. An Introduction to Political Theory.
- 22) Ernest Barkar, Principles of Social & Political Theory, Oxford, 1976
- 23) गर्दे दि. का. राजकीय सिध्दांत महाराष्ट्र विद्यापीठ ग्रंथनिर्मिती मंडळ, नागपूर १९७८
- 24) भोळे भास्कर, आधुनिक राजकीय सिध्दांत व विश्लेषण, श्रीविद्या, नागपूर २००४.
- 25) रेगे, मे. पु. स्वातंत्र्य, समता, न्याय मौज, मुंबई, २००५. गर्दे दि. का. राजकीय सिध्दांत, विद्यापीठ ग्रंथनिर्मिती मंडळ, नागपूर १९७८
- 26) भोळे भास्कर, आधुनिक राजकीय सिध्दांत व विश्लेषण, श्रीविद्या, नागपूर २००६.
- 27) जोशी शरद, चांदवडची शिंदोरी, शेतकरी प्रकाशन, अलिबाग, १९८६

Compulsory

Political Theory - SOC Group D – PSC – 02

Theory and Practice of Public Administration

- 1) Nature, Scope and Significance of Public Administration
 - a) Meaning and significance of Public administration.
 - b) Integral and Managerial View of Public Administration.
 - c) Scope of Public Administration.
- 2) Approaches to the Study of Public Administration
 - a) Liberal - Democratic Approach.
 - b) Marxist Approach.
 - c) Decision Making Approach.
- 3) Organisation:
 - a) Bases of Organisation
 - b) Principles of Organisation
 - c) Line, Staff and Auxiliary Agencies.
- 4) Public Corporations
 - a) Types of Public Corporations
 - b) Problem of Autonomy and accountability
- 5) Nature of parliamentary control. Civil Service and Bureaucracy:
 - a) Recruitment, Training, Promotion and Morale,
 - b) Generalist – Specialist Controversy,
 - c) Bureaucracy – Committed Bureaucracy and Modernization,
 - d) Whitley Councils,
- 6) Financial Administration:
 - a) Budgetary Process,
 - b) Parliamentary Control over Financial Administration,
 - c) Accounting and Auditing,
- 7) Administrative Law:
 - a) Delegated Legislation,
 - b) Administrative Tribunals,
 - c) Administrative Adjudication,
- 8) Administrative Improvement:
 - a) Scientific Management,
 - b) O and M,
 - c) Removal of Corruption, Ombudsman, Lokpal and Lok Ayukta,
 - d) Public Administration in the age of globalization,

REFERENCE

1. Chabra S., Administrative Tribunals.

2. Sathe B. P., Administrative Law in India.
 3. Sharma M. P. and Sadana B. L. Public Administration – Theory and Practice.
 4. S. R. Maheshwari, Theories and Concepts in Public Administration, Allied, Delhi, 1991.
 5. R. Avasthi and Maheshwari, Public Administration, Laxminarain Aggarwal, Agra, 1996
 6. Rumki Basu, Public Administration, Concepts and Theories (2nd Ed)
 7. P. R. Dubhashi, Recent Trends in Public Administration, Kaveri, Delhi, 1995
 8. एन. आर. इनामदार — लोकप्रशासन, महाराष्ट्र विद्यापीठ ग्रंथ निर्मिती मंडळ, १९७५.
 9. Dimock and Dimock - Public Administration, Oxford, 1975
 - 10) Basu D.D., Administrative Law, Prentice Hall, 1996
 - 11) L.D. White, Introduction to the Study of Public Administration, New York, Mcmillan, 1955
 - १२) एन. आर. इनामदार — लोकप्रशासन, महाराष्ट्र विद्यापीठ ग्रंथ निर्मिती मंडळ, नागपूर, १९७५.
 - १३) गेंदे, दि. का. — लोकप्रशासन — तंत्रा व मंत्रा, नागपूर १९८०.
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Optional I

II) Elective Papers – SOC, Group D1, PSE

⇒ **Indian Constitution and Government**

☆ **Paper 01**

- 1) The making of India's Constitution:
 - a) Constitutional Development, of India (1909 to 1935)
 - b) Impact of Freedom Movement
 - c) The Role of Constituent Assembly
- 2) The Philosophy of Indian Constitution:
 - a) Preamble
 - b) Fundamental Rights of citizens
 - c) Directive Principles of State Policy
 - d) Fundamental Duties
- 3) Union Government:
 - a) Parliament-Composition Powers and Functions
 - b) President, Powers and Position.
 - c) Prime Minister and his Cabinet.
- 4) Judiciary:
 - A) Composition B) Functions of Judiciary C) Judicial Review in India.

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- 5) Centre – State Relations :
 - a) Constitutional Provisions
 - b) Emerging Trends and Issues in Centre – State Relations
 - c) Demand for Formation of New States
- 6) Political Parties and Pressure Groups:
 - a) Political Parties – Nature, Ideologies and Programmes
 - b) Changing Pattern of Party System
 - c) The role of Coalition Politics
 - d) Pressure Groups in Indian Politics
- 7) Major Issues in Indian Politics:
 - a) Caste,
 - b) Religion,
 - c) Language.
- 8) Political Economy:
 - a) Relations between Society, Polity and Economy,
 - b) Performance of Planning in India,
 - c) Impact of New Economic Policy on Indian Politics.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1) Granville Austin, Working of a Democratic Constitution – The Indian Experience, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2000
 - 2) D.D.Basu, An Introduction to the Constitution of India, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1994
 - 3) P. R. Brass, Politics of India Since Independence 2nd ed. Cambridge university Press, 1974
 - 4) F.R.Frankel, India's Political Economy 1947-1977, The Gradual Revolution, OUP, 197
 - 5) F. R. Frankel & M. S. A. Rao (Ed) Dominance and State Power in Modern India : Decline of a Social order, Vols. I and II OUP, Delhi, 1989
 - 6) S. Kaushik (ed) Indian Governemnt and Politics, Delhi University, Directorate of Hindi Implementation, Delhi, 1999
 - 7) Marris Jones, Government and Politics in India, Delhi 1974
 - 8) Myron Weiner, The Indian Paradox : Essays in Indian Politics, New Delhi, 1999
 - 9) M.V. Pylee, An Introduction to Constitution of India, Vikas, New Delhi, 1998.
 - 10) S.P. Sathe, Judicial Activism in India, OUP 2001
 - 11) S.K. Chaube, Constituent Assembly of India, Peoples Building House, Delhi, 1966.
 - 12) भास्कर भोळे — भारताचे शासन आणि राजकारण श्री. विद्या प्रकाशन नागपूर, २००१
 - 13) बाचल आणि गोळवलकर, भारताचे संविधान आणि राजकारण, पुणे, १९९०
 - 14) त्रयं. क. टोपे, भारताचे संविधान, विद्यापीठ ग्रंथनिर्मितीमंडळ, नागपूर १९८३
 - 15) भारताचे संविधान, भारत सरकार, विधिमंत्रालय प्रकाशन, १९९६.
 - 16) किशोर बेडकीहाळ (सं), भारतीय राजकीय प्रक्रिया, आंबेडकर अकादमी सातारा, २००४
 - 17) किशोर बेडकीहाळ आणि भोळे(सं), शतकांतराच्या वळणावर आंबेडकर अकादमी, सातारा, २००४
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Modern Indian Political Thought :*Optional***☆ SOC D1, PSE, PAPER-02****Social Reforms & Nationalism**

- 1) Indian Renaissance & Social Reforms.
 - a) Ram Mohan Roy
 - b) Swami Dayanand
 - c) Jotiba Phule
- 2) Liberal Political Ideas
 - a) Dadabhai Naoroji
 - b) Justice M. G. Ranade
 - c) G. K. Gokhale
- 3) Nationalist Political Thought
 - a) Shri. Aurobindo
 - b) B. G. Tilak
- 4) Religion & Nationalism :
 - a) Savarkar's Hindu Nationalism
 - b) Muslim Nationalism of Jinnah
 - c) Composite Nationalism of Azad.
- 5) Gandhi & Vinoba
 - a) Gandhi on Truth, Non violence & Satyagraha
 - b) Gandhi's Theory of State
 - c) Vinoba : Lokniti & Sarvodaya
- 6) Theories of Democracy
 - a) Politics of Annihilation of Caste – Periyar and Shahu
 - b) Dr. Ambedkar's theory of Social Democracy
 - c) New Humanism : Theory of Radical Democracy : M. N. Roy
- 7) Socialism:
 - a) Democratic Socialism of Jawaharlal Nehru
 - b) Sarvodaya & Socialism: Jayaprakash Narayan
 - c) Socialist Ideas of Ram Manohar Lohia
- 8) Communist Thought in India
 - a) The CPI: The Politics of Democratic Revolution
 - b) The CPM: The Politics of People's Democracy
 - c) CPI (M-L) : Politics of Revolution: The Maoist Perspective

REFERENCES

- 1) Appadorai Documents on Modern Indian Political thought OUP 1972-73
- 2) Sarda: Main Currents of Political thought in modern India Vol.2-4, K-Nath Meerut 1999
- 3) Verma V. P. Modern Indian Political thought L. N. Agrawal Agra 2004.
- 4) Ghosh Shankar : Socialism, Democracy & Nationalism, Allied, Mumbai, 1969.
- 5) Pantham & Deutsch (ed.) Political thought in Modern India, Sage Delhi, 1986.

- 6) Desai A. R.- Social background of Indian Nationalism Popular, Mumbai 1975
- 1) Rare Kharaih A. M., Dr. B. R. Ambedkar – Politics of Emancipation, Sindhu, Mumbai 1969
- 2) Sharma G. N. Shakir M. Politics and Society, Parimal Aurangabad. 1979
- 3) Parekh Bhiku, Political thought of Mahatama Gandhi, Ajantha, Delhi 2000
- 4) Iyer, R. Moral and Political Ideas of Maharma Gandhi, Oxford. 1971.
- 5) Omvedt Gail, Dr. Ambedkar & Dalit Movement in Colonial India, New Delhi, Sage, 1994
- 6) Cultural Revolt in a Colonial Society Scientific Socialist trust, Mumbai, 1978
- 7) B. Chandra, Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India, Vikas, Delhi, 1979.
- 8) D. G. Dalton, India Idea of Freedom : Political thought of Swami Vivekananda, Aurobindo, Ghose, Mahatma Gandhi and Rabindranath Tagore, Academic Press, Delhi, 1982.
9. A. R. Desai, Social background of Indian Nationalism, Popular, Bombay, 1954.
10. S. Ghose, From Renaissance to Militant Nationalism, Allied Publishers, Bombay, 1969.
11. K. P. Karunakaran, Modern Indian Political Tradition, Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 1962.
12. K. P. Karunakaran Indian politics from Dadabhai Naoroji to Gandhi: A study of political Ideas in Modern India, Gitanjali, New Delhi, 1975.
13. T. Pantham and K. Deustch (ed), Political thought in Modern India, Sage, New Delhi, 1986.
14. V.P. Verma, Modern Indian Political Thought, Laxmi Narain Aggrawal, Agra, 1974.
15. J. P. Suda, Main currents of Social and Political thought in Modern
16. India, Vol. I and II, K.Nath, Meerutt, 1970
17. Kavlekar K. K. Non-Brahmin Movement in South India and the D. M. K. Shivaji University, Kolhapur, 1979.
18. Kavlekar & Chousalkar, Political Ideas and Leadership of Dr. Ambedkar, Ajab, 1990
19. प्रा. भा. ल. भोळे, आधुनिक भारतातील राजकीय विचार, श्री विद्या, नागपूर, २००४
20. जावडेकर, आचार्या : आधुनिक भारत वकांटेनेटल, पुणे १९६८.
21. रेगे मे. पुं. विवेक आणि न्याया प्रतिमा प्रकाशन पुणे २००५.

Optional III.

Development Administration in India

☆ SOC D1, PSE, PAPER-03

- 1) Development Administration:
 - a) Meaning, Nature and Scope of Development Administration:
 - b) Similarities and Differences between Public Administration and Development Administration.
 - c) Characteristics of Administration in Developing Countries
- 2) Policies of Development:
 - a) With special reference to Agriculture and Industry.
 - b) With special reference to Education and Health.
 - c) With special reference to weaker Sections.
- 3) New Trends in Peoples self-development and empowerment:
 - a) With special reference to SCs and STs
 - b) With special reference to women and children.
- 4) Role of International Agencies in Development:
 - a) World Bank
 - b) IMF
 - c) Asian Development Bank.
- 5) Machinery of Development – Planning Commission,
 - a) Role of Planning Commission in Socio-Economic Development,
 - b) Role of NDC in Planning,
 - c) Five Year Plans – An Evaluation.
- 6) Planning at State level and District Level:
 - a) State Planning Boards-Objectives and Functions,
 - b) District Planning Boards-Objectives and Functions,
 - c) Role of State and District Planning Boards in Regional Development.
- 7) Rural Development:
 - a) Community Development Programme,
 - b) Role of Panchayati Raj in Rural development,
 - c) 73rd Constitutional Amendment and its Implications.
- 8) Urban Development:
 - a) Role of Municipal Corporations in Urban Development,
 - b) Role of Municipalities in Urban Development,
 - c) 74th Constitutional Amendment and its Implications.

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- 1) Sharma S.& Arora R. K. (ed) "Comparative Development Administration", Ideas & Action, Jaipur, Arihant 1992.
 - 2) Prasad K (ed) Planning & its implementation, New Delhi, IIPA, 1984
 - 3) Purushottam P. W.& Karmatulla M. Development Adminiatration, a Rural perspective, Delhi, kaniska 1993.
 - 4) Sharma A. K. Planning for Rural Development Administration, Jaipur Rawat, 1995.
 - 5) Bajpayi A. Panchayat Raj & Rural Development, Sahitya Prakashan, Delhi, 1997
 - 6) Maheshwar Shriram, Local Government in India, Laxminarayan Agrawal, Agra, 1996
 - 7) Hoshtiar Singh 7 Monindar Singh, Pub Administration in India, Sterling Publishes, Delhi, 1995.
 - 8) R. Hooja, Planning Concepts, Setting and State level application, Jaipur, Alok, 1979.
 - 9) G. Ram Reddy, Patterns of Panchayati Raj in India, MacMillan, Delhi 1971
 - 10) Somasekhara, State's Planning in India, Bombay, Himalaya, 1984.
 - 11) पाटील पि. बी. — पंचायत राज्याकडून लोकसज्यांकडे समाजवादी प्रबोधिनी, इचलकरंजी, २०००
 - 12) R. K. Arora and S. Sharma (ed.) Comparative and Development Administration : Ideas and Action, Arihant, Jaipur, 1992.
 - 13) G. F. Grant, Development Administration, Concepts, goals, Mathods, Maddison Dst. Uni 1979.
 - 14) C. P. Bhambri, Administration in changing society, National, Delhi, 1978.
 - 15) M.Bhattacharya, Bureaucracy and Development Administration, Uppal, Delhi, 1979.
 - 16) F.W. Riggs(ed.) Frontiers of Development Administration, Duke Uni, Durham, 1970.
 - 17) K. B. Shrivastava, New Perspectives in Development Administration in India, New Delhi, Concept, 1994.
 - 18) M. Umaphathy, Development Administration Today, Meenakshi, Mysore, 1994.
 - 19) S.P.Varma and S.K.Sharma (edi). Development Administration, I.I.P.A. New Delhi, 1984.
 - 20) N. R. Inamdar, Development Administration in India.
 - 21) V. A. Paipanandikar, Development Administration in India Mc Millan, 1975.
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☆ **SOC D1, PSE, PAPER-04**

India's Foreign Policy

- 1) **Ideological Foundations of India's Foreign Policy:**
 - a) Impact of Freedom Movement
 - b) Principles and objectives of Foreign Policy.
 - c) Policies of the Congress Party and Leadership of Pandit Nehru and Indira Gandhi
- 2) **Factors Influencing India's foreign Policy:**
 - a) Geographical Factors
 - b) Impact of Culture, Society, Religion and Economy
 - c) International Conditions and emergence of Bi-polar World.
- 3) **The Ministry of External Affairs:**
 - a) Organization of Ministry of External Affairs.
 - b) Role of Ministry and diplomats
 - c) The Role of the Prime Minister in India's Foreign Policy.
- 4) **Different Phases in India's Foreign Policy:**
 - a) The Idealist Phase (1947 TO 1962)
 - b) The Realist phase 1962 to 1990
 - c) Post-cold war phase : post 1991 period
 - d) Continuity and Change in India's Foreign policy
- 5) **India and Non-Alignment Movement:**
 - a) India's Role in Non-Alignment Movement (NAM),
 - b) Panchasheel,
 - c) Contribution of NAM and Its Relevance.
- 6) **India's Foreign Policy with Major Countries:-**
 - a) U.S.A.,
 - b) Russia,
 - c) China.
- 7) **India's Foreign Policy with Neighboring Countries:-**
 - a) Indo-Pak Relations,
 - b) SAARC,
 - c) Central Asian Countries,
 - d) The South East Asian Countries.
- 8) **Major Issues in India's Foreign Policy:-**
 - a) India and the United Nations,
 - b) India's Nuclear Policy and Disarmament,
 - c) India's Foreign Policy and New Economic World Order,

d) Human Rights and Environmental Issues.

REFERENCES

- 1) Cohen Stephen, (ed) Security of South Asia
- 2) M. S. Rajan, Non-Alignment & the non-alignment movement in the present world order, Konark, Delhi, 1994
- 3) Dixit J. N. Indo-Pak relations
- 4) Jasjit Singh, (ed) India-China & Panchasheel, Sanchar, Delhi, 1996
- 5) Babu Ramesh (ed) Globalization & South Asian States, South Asian Publication, New Delhi, 1998
- 6) Jha N. K., (ed) India's Foreign Policy in Changing World, New Delhi South Asia Publishers, 2000
- 7) Mansing (ed), India's Foreign Policy in 21st Century, Delhi, 1999
- 8) देवळणकर शैलेन्द्र, समकालीन जागतिक राजकारणातील प्रमुख प्रश्न, विचार प्रकाशन, औरंगाबाद, २००५
- 9) सुनील दाते (संपा) भारताचे परराष्ट्र धोरण,
- 10) A. Appadorai :- 'Domestic roots of India's Foreign policy' New Delhi, Oxford University press, 1981.
- 11) J. N. Dixit; Indian Foreign Policy & its neighbours, Gyan Publishing House, New Delhi, 2001.
- 12) George Modelski – A Theory of Foreign Policy, London.
- 13) V. P. Dutt, India's Foreign Policy, Vikas, New Delhi, 1999.
- 14) M. S. Rajan, Studies in India's Foreign Policy, New Delhi.
- 15) B. A. Prasad : India's Role in the Future of SAARC, in Strategic Analysis, Delhi, February 1995.
- 16) Mansingh S. India's Foreign Policy in 21st Century, Foreign Policy Institute, New Delhi, 1999.
- 17) देवळणकर, शैलेन्द्र, भारतीया परराष्ट्र धोरण, सातत्या आणि स्थित्यांतर, प्रतिमा, २००७

State in Ancient India

SOC D1, PSE, PAPER-05

- 1) Nature and Sources of Ancient Indian Political Thought:
 - a) Nature of Ancient Indian Political Thought
 - b) Sources of Ancient Indian Political Thought
- 2) Theories of State in Ancient India.
 - a) Theories of Origin of State.
 - b) The Saptanga Theory of State.
 - c) Calamities befalling the State.
 - d) Forms of State in Ancient India.
- 3) The Republics in Ancient India:
 - a) Nature of Republics in Ancient India.
 - b) Functioning of Republics.
 - c) Causes of Decline of Republics.
- 4) Inter-State relations in Ancient India.
 - a) Four expedients of Foreign Policy
 - b) Six devices of Foreign Policy.
 - c) Mandala Theory of inter-state relations.
- 5) The King in Ancient India
 - a) Qualifications,
 - b) Consecration Ceremony and its Significance,
 - c) Powers and Functions of the King.
- 6) The Council of Ministers in Ancient India:
 - a) Composition,
 - b) Qualifications,
 - c) Functions.
- 7) Assemblies in Ancient India:
 - a) Vedic Assemblies – Sabha, Samiti and Vidatha,
 - b) Paura & Janapada,
 - c) Functions of Assemblies in Ancient India.
- 8) Administration of the State:
 - a) Central Administration,
 - b) Local Self Government,
 - c) Judicial Administration.

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Political Sociology

SOC D1, PSE, PAPER-06

- 1) Nature and Scope of Political Sociology
 - a) Intellectual background of Political Sociology.
 - b) Karl Marx – Class, State and Revolution.
 - c) Max Weber – Class, Status and Authority.
- 2) Approaches to the Study of Political Sociology:
 - a) System Approach
 - b) Structural - Functional Approach
 - c) Marxist Approach
- 3) Political processes:
 - a) Political Socialization and its agencies
 - b) Political Culture and its different forms
- 4) Political Participation and Communication:
 - a) Forms of Political Participation
 - b) Methods and techniques of Political participation
 - c) Problems of Political Participation
 - d) Political Communication as an instrument of participation and public opinion
- 5) Political Modernization:
 - a) Distinction between Traditional and Modern Societies,
 - b) Modernization and Social Integration,
 - c) Modernization and Development.
- 6) Political Parties and Pressure Groups:
 - a) Political Parties – their Social Bases and Role in Democracy,
 - b) Pressure Groups – Nature and Functions,
 - c) Relationship between parties and pressure groups.
- 7) Political Elites:
 - a) Theories of Elitism,
 - b) The Role of Political Elites in Political Process,
 - c) Elites and Democracy.
- 8) State and Society in India:
 - a) Democracy and Bureaucracy,
 - b) Politics of Caste, Religion and Culture,
 - c) Challenges before Indian Democracy.

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